## QUALIFYING EXAM - ALGEBRA 2007

Make sure to show all work and please solve each problem on a separate page. Please remember to put your social security number, rather than your name, on all pages of the exam.

- **1.** Let G be a group and H a subgroup of finite index n.
  - a. Prove that there is a homomorphism from G into the symmetric group on n letters  $S_n$  whose kernel is contained in H. Hint: think of the proof that a group of order n is isomorphic to a subgroup of  $S_n$ .
  - **b.** Prove that there exists a normal subgroup N of G contained in H and of finite index in G.
- **2.** Let G be a group whose group of automorphisms Aut(G) is cyclic. Prove that G is abelian
- **3.** Let K and L be fields with L = K(x), where x is transcendental over K. Let F be a subfield of L containing K. Assume that K is different from F.
  - **a.** Prove that x is algebraic over F.
  - **b.** Prove that L is a finite extension of F.
- **4.** Let  $f: A \to B$  be a surjective homomorphism of commutative rings with 1 (in particular, we assume f(1) = 1). Prove that if A has a unique maximal ideal, then so does B.
- **5.** Let  $\mathcal{C}([0,1])$  be the ring of continuous real valued functions on the closed interval [0,1].
  - **a.** Suppose  $S \subset [0,1]$  is a subset and let  $I(S) \subset \mathcal{C}(S)$  be the set of continuous functions which vanish at each point of S. Show that I(S) is an ideal.
  - **b.** When is I(S) maximal?
  - **c.** (Extra Credit!) Are all maximal ideals in C(S) of the type listed in part **b**?
- **6.** Show that there are infinitely many distinct subfields  $F \subset \mathbf{C}$  of the complex numbers with  $[\mathbf{C}:F]=2$ .
- **7.** Give an example of a vector space V and a linear map  $L:V\to V$  which is injective but not surjective. Give an example of a vector space V and a linear map  $M:V\to V$  which is surjective but not injective.
- **8.** Show that  $\sqrt[4]{2}$  is not contained in  $\mathbf{Q}(\zeta_n)$  for any positive n: here  $\zeta_n$  is a primitive  $n^{\text{th}}$  root of unity.
- **9.** Characterize the maximal ideals of the ring  $\mathbf{Z}[X]$ .