## QUALIFYING EXAM August 2008

- 1. Prove that the group defined by generators a, b, c and the relation abc = 1 is infinite.
- 2. Give an example of an exact sequence of **Z**-modules which is not split. Explain why your example works.
- 4. Prove that the ring  $R := \mathbb{C}[x,y]/(y^2-x^3)$  is an integral domain but not a unique factorization domain.
- 5. Prove that the ring  $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{5}) \otimes_{\mathbf{Q}} \mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{7})$  is a field. Prove that the ring  $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{5}) \otimes_{\mathbf{Q}} \mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{5})$  is not a field.
- 6. For each of the following groups, either give an injective homomorphism to  $SL_2(\mathbf{C})$  or show that there is no injective homomorphism:
  - (a) **C**
  - (b) C\*
  - (c)  $\mathbf{Z}/2\mathbf{Z} \times \mathbf{Z}/2\mathbf{Z}$
  - (d)  $S_3$
- 7. Find the minimal polynomial and the Jordan canonical form of the  $3 \times 3$  complex matrix A assuming that  $A^2 5A + 25I = 0$  and A is not a scalar matrix.
- 8. Suppose the cubic polynomial  $P(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$  is irreducible over the rational numbers. Let K be its splitting field. When, in terms of the coefficients a, b, c, d, is the Galois group of  $K/\mathbb{Q}$  isomorphic to  $S_3$ ? When the Galois group is isomorphic to  $S_3$ , what is the unique quadratic extension  $E/\mathbb{Q}$  contained in K? Justify your answer.
- 9. Suppose  $K/\mathbf{Q}$  is a Galois extension with Galois group isomorphic to  $\mathbf{Z}/2\mathbf{Z} \times \mathbf{Z}/2\mathbf{Z} \times \mathbf{Z}/2\mathbf{Z}$ . Is K isomorphic to  $Q(\sqrt{a}, \sqrt{b}, \sqrt{c})$  for three (nonsquare) rational numbers a, b, c? Justify your answer.
- 10. Suppose  $K \subset \mathbf{C}$  is a field. Suppose  $\sqrt{2}$  is NOT contained in K but  $\sqrt{2}$  is contained in every proper extension  $\mathbf{C} \supset E \supset K$ . Prove that E/K is a cyclic extension.