Instructions: Please try all of the 10 problems on the exam. Start each problem on a new page, number the pages, and put only your code word (not your banner ID number) on each page. You can work on any of the parts of the given problems even if you skip some of the other parts. Clear and concise answers with good justification will improve your score.

- 1) Give the definition of a normal topological space. Show that a smooth manifold is a normal topological space.
- 2) Show that the tangent bundle to a Lie group is a trivial vector bundle.
- 3) Prove that the product of a finite number of compact metric spaces is compact. Note: state clearly which definition of compactness you are using.
- 4) Give the definition of a metric space. Prove that metrizability is a topological property.
- 5) Show that the map $p : \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$, defined by

$$p(z) = e^z, \quad z \in \mathbb{C},$$

is a covering map.

6) Let S^1 be the unit circle centered at the origin considered as a submanifold of \mathbb{R}^2 and T be the quotient manifold \mathbb{R}/\mathbb{Z} , where \mathbb{Z} is the additive group of integer numbers acting on \mathbb{R} by addition. Let $\pi : \mathbb{R} \to T$ be the quotient map and $j : T \to S^1 \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ be the map defined by

$$i(\pi(t)) = (\cos(2\pi t), \sin(2\pi t)).$$

- a) Show that the map j is a diffeomorphism.
- b) Let $\Omega = -ydx + xdy$ on \mathbb{R}^2 and ω be the restriction of Ω to the unit circle, i.e,

$$\omega = \Omega|_{S^1} \stackrel{def}{=} i^* \Omega_i$$

where i is the identity (inclusion) map, $i: S^1 \to \mathbb{R}^2$. Show that ω is closed but not exact differential form.

- c) Compute $(j \circ \pi)^* \omega$ and $\int_T j^* \omega$. Determine the cohomology groups of T.
- 7) Let $\theta = xdy \wedge dz ydz \wedge dx zdx \wedge dy$ and $X = y\frac{\partial}{\partial x} + x\frac{\partial}{\partial y}$. Compute the Lie derivative $\mathcal{L}_X \theta$.
- 8) Let $\Omega = dx^1 \wedge dx^2 \wedge dx^3$ be the volume form on $M = \mathbb{R}^3$.

a) Given a smooth vector field $X = f_1 \overrightarrow{i} + f_2 \overrightarrow{j} + 3_3 \overrightarrow{k}$ on \mathbb{R}^3 show that the interior product (contraction) of Ω and X is given by

$$\iota_X \Omega = f_1 dx^2 \wedge dx^3 + f_3 dx^1 \wedge dx^2 + f_3 dx^1 \wedge dx^2.$$

b) For a smooth vector field X on \mathbb{R}^3 let div X be the function defined by Lie derivative

 $\mathcal{L}_X \Omega = (divX)\Omega.$

By using Cartan's formula, show that divX is the usual divergence.

- 9) Let $SL(2:\mathbb{R})$ be the set of all 2×2 matrices (with real entries) with determinant equal to one.
 - a) Show that $SL(2:\mathbb{R})$ is a submanifold of the vector space $M_2(\mathbb{R})$ of all 2×2 matrices with real entries.
 - b) Describe in terms of matrices the tangent space to $SL(2:\mathbb{R})$ at the identity matrix $I = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the dimension of $SL(2:\mathbb{R})$?
 - c) For $t \in \mathbb{R}$ and $A \in SL(2:\mathbb{R})$ let

$$\phi_t(A) = \left(\begin{array}{cc} \cos t & -\sin t\\ \sin t & \cos t \end{array}\right) A.$$

Show that the above construction defines an action of the additive group \mathbb{R} on $SL(2:\mathbb{R})$ and a corresponding 1-parameter group of diffeomorphisms of $SL(2:\mathbb{R})$. Find the corresponding infinitesimal generator.

- 10) Let $M = \{(x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2) \mid x_1^2 + y_1^2 = 1, x_1^2 + y_1^2 = 1\}.$ a) Show that M is a submanifold of \mathbb{R}^4 .

 - b) Show M is a diffeomorphic to a certain well known compact submanifold of \mathbb{R}^3 . Note: you should determine the manifold in question.