Randomized Algorithms for Normal Basis in Characteristic Zero

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For a finite Galois extension K/F with G = Gal(K/F), there exists an element $\alpha \in K$ such that its conjugates form an *F*-basis of *K* (as a vector space)[4, Theorem 6.13.1]. Having such a basis, which is known as normal basis, is useful for certain computational purposes.

There are efficient algorithms for constructing a normal basis in positive characteristics. For a deterministic algorithm see [1] and for randomized algorithms see [6] and [3]. In characteristic zero, deterministic algorithms are introduced in [2] and [5](for abelian extensions).

Our aim is to introduce randomized algorithms for constructing a normal basis in characteristic zero. We will present an algorithm for cyclic extensions and more generally abelian extensions. We also give a solution for Galois extensions with dihedral group as Galois group.

Keywords: Normal Basis, Cyclic Extension, Abelian Extension

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