

SO(3), SU(2), etc

SL(n, R), SL(n, C) = ...

SO(3) := { A ∈ GL(3, R) | A^tA = I } = { A: R³ → R³ linear | ||Ax|| = ||x|| }
 det A = 1
 ||x||² = x^tx, x = (x₁, x₂, x₃)^t, ||x||² = x₁² + x₂² + x₃²

So A^tA = I ⇔ x^tA^tAx = x^tx

SU(2) = { B ∈ GL(2, C) | B* B = I }, B* = B^t.

(T1) ∃ surj homo SU(2) → SO(3) w/ kernel { ±I }.

(T2) SU(2) = { (z w / -w̄ z̄) | |z|² + |w|² = 1 } (= S³ ⊂ R⁴)


(C) π₁(SO(3)) = Z₂

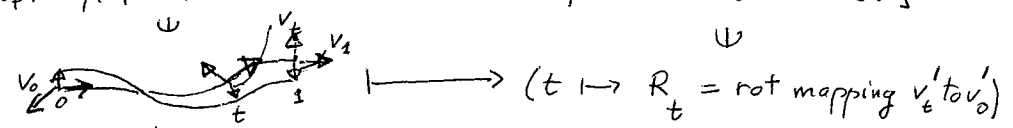
Pf of T2 B ∈ SU(2) ⇒ zt = wv + 1, z̄z + w̄w = 1, z̄w + w̄t = 0, w̄w + t̄t = 1, z̄w + v̄t = 0
 (z w / w̄ t) (z̄ w̄ / v̄ t̄) = (1 0 / 0 1)
 B* B = I
 elim z: w̄zt = w̄wv + w̄, z̄wt = -v̄t̄
 v(w̄w + t̄t) = w̄w
 v = w̄
 z = t̄ ⇐ zt = t̄t ⇐ zt = -w̄w + 1 ⇐ v = w̄

Pf of T1 Def su(2) = { M ∈ Mat₂(C) | M + M* = 0, tr M = 0 } = { (i x₁ x₂ + i x₃ / -x₂ + i x₃ -i x₁) | x_i ∈ R }
 ||X|| = det X → || (x₁ / x₂ / x₃) || = R³

SU(2) → SO(3)
 B ↦ X ↦ BXB*
 ||BXB*|| = det(BXB*) = det X = ||X||
 Ker φ = { B | BXB* = X } = { B | BX = XB } = { B ∈ SU(2) | B scalar } = { ±I }
 surj l̄asat̄a. □

Comment on C { configurations of belt in R³ w/ left edge fixed } → { paths [0,1] → SO(3) }

v_i = frame. 



loops corr to config's w/ v₁ⁱ = v₀ⁱ
 2 loops homotopic if config's obtained from ~~each~~ one another by keeping v₁ⁱ fixed
 Juxtaposition of config corresponds to compos of paths, so v config juxt. with itself can be disentangled by keeping v₀ fixed & v₁ⁱ = v₀ⁱ.
 (Demonstration w/ my belt) e.g. belt twisted twice

Examples of Lie groups in physics

$GL(K^n)$

$M(n, \mathbb{C})$ not a group.

$GL(n, \mathbb{C}), GL(n, \mathbb{R})$, $\mathbb{K} = \mathbb{R}, \mathbb{C}$, $GL(V) = \dots, GL(n, \mathbb{K})$

$SL(n, \mathbb{K}) = \{A \in GL(n, \mathbb{K}) \mid \det A = 1\}$, $A^* = \bar{A}^t$

$U(n, \mathbb{C}) = \{A \in GL(n, \mathbb{C}) \mid AA^* = I\}$

$SU(n, \mathbb{C}) = U(n, \mathbb{C}) \cap SL(n, \mathbb{C})$; $SU(2, \mathbb{C}) = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ -\bar{b} & \bar{a} \end{bmatrix} \mid |a|^2 + |b|^2 = 1 \right\}$

$O(n, \mathbb{R}) = \{A \in GL(n, \mathbb{R}) \mid AA^t = I\} = \{A \in GL(n, \mathbb{R}) \mid \|Ax\|^2 = \|x\|^2\}$

$Q = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & & & \\ & -1 & & \\ & & -1 & \\ & & & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, $L = \{A \in GL(4, \mathbb{R}) \mid A^t Q A = Q\}$

$q(x) = x^t Q x \Rightarrow L = \{A \in GL(4, \mathbb{R}) \mid q(Ax) = q(x)\} = \text{"out of Minkowski space"}$
 (\mathbb{R}^4, q) Minkowski space

$H\mathbb{C}(2, \mathbb{C}) = \{A \in M(2, \mathbb{C}) \mid A^* = A\}$ not a group

$\mathbb{R}^4 \cong H\mathbb{C}(2, \mathbb{C})$, $(x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3) \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} x_0 + x_3 & x_1 - ix_2 \\ x_1 + ix_2 & x_0 - x_3 \end{pmatrix}$. view as identity.

$\pi: SL(2, \mathbb{C}) \rightarrow GL(H\mathbb{C}(2, \mathbb{C})) \cong GL(\mathbb{R}^4)$

$A \mapsto \underline{A} = \begin{pmatrix} A & \\ & A^* \end{pmatrix}$ well def b/c $(ABA^*)^* = ABA^*$

$\bullet \text{Im } \pi \subset L$ b/c $q(\pi(A)x) = q(Ax) = q(A^*x)$

$q(\underline{A}(B)) = \det(\underline{A}(B)) = \det(ABA^*) = \det(B) = q(B)$

so $SL(2, \mathbb{C}) \rightarrow L$

$\bullet \pi(SU(2, \mathbb{C})) \subset \{T \in L \subset GL(4, \mathbb{R}) \mid T(I) = I\} \cong O(3, \mathbb{R})$

b/c if $A \in SU(2, \mathbb{C}) \Rightarrow \underline{A}(I) = AIA^* = AA^* = I$

b/c LHS is

$\cong \{T \in L \subset GL(\mathbb{R}^4) \mid Te_1 = e_1\}$
 $\cong O(3, \mathbb{R})$

note $T^t Q T = T \Rightarrow T^t Q T = T \Rightarrow T^t Q T = T$

b/c T fixes $e_1 \Rightarrow T$ fixes orth compl of e_1 , etc.

$S^3 \cong SU(2, \mathbb{C}) \rightarrow SO(3, \mathbb{R})$

S^1 Lie gr, S^2 not a Lie gr, S^3 Lie gr, ...? fact: surj w/ kernel π_2