

Basic Galois Groups

- ① $\tilde{f}: G(\mathbb{F}_{p^n} / \mathbb{F}_p) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}$, $\sigma x = x^p$.
- ② $f: G(\mathbb{Q}(\zeta_n) / \mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow (\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z})^\times$, $\sigma \zeta_n = \zeta_n^{f(\sigma)}$, $\zeta = \zeta^i$.
- ③ $\tilde{f}: G(K(\sqrt[n]{a}) / K) \xrightarrow{\cong} \mu_n \simeq \mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}$, $f(\sigma) = \frac{\sigma \sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{a}} = \zeta_n^{f(\sigma)}$
 ($\mu_n \subset K$, $\zeta_n \in \mu_n$, $(\sqrt[n]{a})^n = a$)
- ④ $f: G(\mathbb{Q}(\zeta_p, \sqrt[p]{a}) / \mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow GL_2(\mathbb{F}_p)$, $f(\sigma) = \begin{bmatrix} \mu(\sigma) & \alpha(\sigma) \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
 $\left[\begin{array}{l} \sigma \zeta_p = \zeta_p^{\mu(\sigma)}, \quad \sigma(\sqrt[p]{a}) = \zeta_p^{\alpha(\sigma)} \sqrt[p]{a} \\ \text{Im } f = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} * & * \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}. \text{ (degree} = p(p-1) \text{ b/c } (p, p-1) = 1) \end{array} \right]$
- ⑤ $\tilde{f}: G(K(\alpha) / K) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{F}_p$, $\tilde{f}(\sigma) = \sigma \alpha - \alpha$.
 $\left[\alpha^p - \alpha = a \in K \right]$