

Homework 2

Problem 1:

$$a) P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B) = 0.2 + 0.2 - 0.1 = 0.3$$

$$b) P(A^c \cap B) = P(B) - P(A \cap B) = 0.2 - 0.1 = 0.1$$

$$c) P(A \cap B^c) = P(A) - P(A \cap B) = 0.2 - 0.1 = 0.1$$

$$d) P(A | B^c) = \frac{P(A \cap B^c)}{P(B^c)} = \frac{0.1}{1 - 0.2} = 0.125$$

$$e) P(A | A \cup B) = \frac{P(A)}{P(A \cup B)} = \frac{0.2}{0.3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Problem 2

a) True. since $P(A) = \sum_{s_i \in A} p_i$ where p_i is the probability of s_i .

b) True ~~Yes~~ since A and B cannot happen at the same time.

$$c) \text{ True. } P(A | B) + P(A' | B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} + \frac{P(A' \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{P(B)}{P(B)} = 1$$

d) False since $P(B) = P(B | A') P(A') + P(B | A) P(A)$

Problem 3

$$a) \frac{51+32}{100} = 0.83$$

$$b) P(\text{Electrical failure} \mid \text{Gas leak}) = \frac{51}{83} = 0.614$$

$$c) P(\text{Gas leak} \mid \text{Electrical failure}) = \frac{51}{53} = 0.962$$

Problem 4.

$$\begin{aligned} a) P(\text{fail}) &= P(\text{fail} \mid \text{connector is kept dry}) P(\text{connector is kept dry}) \\ &\quad + P(\text{fail} \mid \text{connector is ever wet}) P(\text{connector is ever wet}) \\ &= 0.01 \cdot 0.9 + 0.04 \cdot 0.1 = 0.013 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b) P(\text{connector is ever wet} \mid \text{fail}) &= \frac{P(\text{connector fail} \mid \text{connector is ever wet}) \cdot P(\text{connector is ever wet})}{P(\text{fail})} \\ &= \frac{0.04 \cdot 0.1}{0.013} = 0.308 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 5

a) $0.7^4 = 0.2401$ since all games are independent.

b) $\binom{4}{2} 0.7^2 \cdot 0.3^2 + \binom{4}{3} \cdot 0.7^3 \cdot 0.3 + \binom{4}{4} \cdot 0.7^4$
 $= 0.9163$

$\binom{4}{2} 0.7^2 \cdot 0.3^2$: probability for exactly 2 wins

$\binom{4}{3} \cdot 0.7^3 \cdot 0.3$: probability for exactly 3 wins

$\binom{4}{4} \cdot 0.7^4$: probability for exactly 4 wins

Problem 6 :

a) $P(A) = \frac{4}{472}$

$P(B|A) = \frac{3}{471}$ $P(B|A^c) = \frac{4}{471}$

$P(B) = P(B|A) \cdot P(A) + P(B|A^c) \cdot P(A^c)$
 $= \frac{3}{471} \cdot \frac{4}{472} + \frac{4}{471} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{4}{472}\right)$
 $= \frac{1884}{471 \cdot 472} \approx 0.0096$

Since $P(B|A) \approx 0.00637 \neq P(B)$, ~~P~~ A and B are not independent.

b) In this case

$$P(A) = \frac{4}{472}$$

$$P(B|A) = \frac{4}{472} \quad , \quad P(B|A^c) = \frac{4}{472}$$

$$P(B) = \frac{4}{472} \cdot \frac{4}{472} + \frac{4}{472} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{4}{472}\right) = \frac{4}{472}$$

Hence $P(B) = P(B|A)$

Therefore A and B are independent.