

Math. 312
Set II

2.3.8 $\partial_t u = k \partial_{xx} u - \alpha u$

$u(0, t) = u(L, t) = 0$

2.3.8, 2.4.1(a, b, c)

2.4.2, 2.5.1(a, c)

(a) $\alpha > 0$: equilibrium: ($k > 0$)

$\partial_{xx} u - \left(\frac{\alpha}{k}\right) u = 0, u(0) = u(L) = 0$

$u = A \sinh \sqrt{\frac{\alpha}{k}} x + B \cosh \sqrt{\frac{\alpha}{k}} x$

$u(0) = A \cdot 0 + B \cdot 1 = 0 \Rightarrow B = 0$
 $u(L) = A \sinh \sqrt{\frac{\alpha}{k}} L = 0 \Rightarrow A = 0$ } $u(x) \equiv 0$ only equilibrium

(b) $u = X(x)T(t)$:

$\frac{X T'}{X T} = k \frac{X'' T}{X T} - \alpha \Rightarrow \frac{T'}{T} = k \frac{X''}{X} - \alpha$

$\Rightarrow \frac{T'}{T} + \alpha = k \frac{X''}{X} = -\lambda$ ($\lambda > 0$ for oscillatory behavior in x)

Then $T' + (\alpha + \lambda)T = 0 \Rightarrow T(t) = C e^{-(\alpha + \lambda)t}$

$X'' + \left(\frac{\lambda}{k}\right)X = 0 \Rightarrow X(x) = A \cos \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} x + B \sin \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} x$

$X(0) = 0 \Rightarrow A = 0 \Rightarrow X(x) = B \sin \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} x$

$X(L) = 0 \Rightarrow B \sin \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} L = 0$

$\Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} L = \frac{n\pi}{1} \Rightarrow \lambda = k \left(\frac{n\pi}{L}\right)^2$

i.e. $u_n(x, t) = B_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) e^{-(\alpha + k(\frac{n\pi}{L})^2)t}$

and $u(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) e^{-(\alpha + k(\frac{n\pi}{L})^2)t}$
 $\xrightarrow{t \rightarrow \infty} 0$

$\left(B_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx \right)$

2.4.1 $u_t = k u_{xx}$, $0 < x < L$, $t > 0$
 $u_x(0, t) = u_x(L, t) = 0$, $t > 0$

In text (2.4.19) u is found as

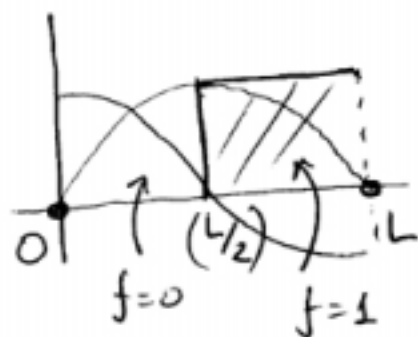
$$u(x, t) = A_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} e^{-(n\pi/L)^2 kt}$$

with (2.4.23-24) $A_0 = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L f(x) dx$

$$A_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$$

Then

$$(a) u(x, 0) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < L/2 \\ 1, & x > L/2 \end{cases}$$



$$A_0 = \frac{1}{L} \int_{L/2}^L dx = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$A_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_{L/2}^L \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx = \frac{2}{L} \cdot \frac{L}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} \Big|_{x=L/2}^L$$

$$= \frac{2}{n\pi} (\sin n\pi - \sin \frac{n\pi}{2}) = \frac{2}{n\pi} \left(0 - \begin{cases} 0, & n=2, 4, \dots \\ 1, & n=1, 5, 9, \dots \\ -1, & n=3, 7, \dots \end{cases} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} A_2 = A_4 \dots = A_{2n} = 0 \\ A_{4n+1} = -\frac{2}{(4n+1)\pi} \\ A_{4n+3} = \frac{2}{(4n+3)\pi} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{or } \begin{cases} A_n = -\frac{2}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} \\ A_0 = \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\left(\begin{aligned} \text{Since } \sin \frac{\pi}{2} &= \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi \right) = 1 \\ \sin \frac{3\pi}{2} &= \sin \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} + 2k\pi \right) = -1 \end{aligned} \right)$$

2.4.1 (c)

$$u(x, 0) = -2 \sin \frac{\pi x}{L}$$

$$A_0 = -\frac{1}{L} \int_0^L 2 \sin \frac{\pi x}{L} dx = \frac{2}{L} \cdot \frac{L}{\pi} \cos \frac{\pi x}{L} \Big|_0^L$$
$$= \frac{2}{\pi} (\cos \pi - 1) = -\frac{4}{\pi}$$

$$A_n = -\frac{2}{L} \int_0^L 2 \sin \frac{\pi x}{L} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$$

(Use formula: $2 \sin a \cos b = \sin(a+b) + \sin(a-b)$)

$$2 \sin \frac{\pi x}{L} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} = \sin \left(\frac{\pi(1+n)}{L} x \right) + \sin \left(\frac{(1-n)\pi x}{L} \right)$$
$$= \sin \left[\frac{(n+1)\pi x}{L} \right] - \sin \left[\frac{(n-1)\pi x}{L} \right]$$

$$A_n = -\frac{2}{L} \int_0^L \left\{ \sin \left[\frac{(n+1)\pi x}{L} \right] - \sin \left[\frac{(n-1)\pi x}{L} \right] \right\} dx \cos \frac{(n-1)\pi x}{L} \quad (n \neq 1)$$
$$= \frac{2}{L} \cdot \frac{L}{\pi(n+1)} \cos \frac{(n+1)\pi x}{L} \Big|_0^L - \frac{2}{L} \cdot \frac{L}{\pi(n-1)} \cos \frac{(n-1)\pi x}{L} \Big|_0^L$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi(n+1)} (\cos(n+1)\pi - 1) - \frac{2}{\pi(n-1)} (\cos(n-1)\pi - 1)$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{4}{\pi(n+1)} - \frac{4}{\pi(n-1)} = -\frac{8}{\pi(n^2-1)}, & n \text{ even} \\ 0, & n \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$

$$A_1 = -\frac{2}{L} \int_0^L \sin \frac{2\pi x}{L} dx = \frac{2}{L} \cdot \frac{L}{2\pi} \cos \frac{2\pi x}{L} \Big|_0^L = 0$$

2.4.1 d $u(x,0) = -3 \cos \frac{8\pi x}{L}$

$$A_0 = -\frac{3}{L} \int_0^L \cos \frac{8\pi x}{L} dx = 0$$

$$A_k = 0, \quad k \neq 8 \quad (\text{by } 2.4.22)$$

$$A_8 = -\frac{6}{L} \int_0^L \cos^2 \frac{8\pi x}{L} dx = -\frac{3}{L} \int_0^L dx = -3$$

\parallel
 $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos \frac{16\pi x}{L}$

2.4.1 e $u(x,0) = 6 + 4 \cos \frac{3\pi x}{L}$

By inspection: $A_0 = 6, A_3 = 4, \text{ others } = 0$

2.4.2 $u_t = k u_{xx}, \quad u_x(0,t) = u_x(L,t) = 0$

$$u = XT; \quad XT' = k X''T \Rightarrow$$

$$T'/T = k X''/X = -\lambda$$

$$T' = -\lambda T \Rightarrow T(t) = C e^{-\lambda t}$$

$$X'' + \left(\frac{\lambda}{k}\right) X = 0 \Rightarrow X = A \cos \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} x + B \sin \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} x$$

$$X'(0) = 0 \Rightarrow -A \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} \sin \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} x + B \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} \cos \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} x \Big|_0 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow B = 0$$

$$X(L) = A \cos \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} L = 0$$

$$n=0, 1, \dots \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} L = \left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) \pi \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \lambda = \left(\frac{n + \frac{1}{2}}{L}\right)^2 \pi^2 k \\ \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{k}} = \left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{\pi}{L} \end{cases}$$

Then

$$u(x,t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_n \cos \left(\frac{n+\frac{1}{2}}{L} \pi x \right) e^{-\left(\frac{n+\frac{1}{2}}{L} \pi \right)^2 k t}$$

$$A_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \cos \left(\frac{n+\frac{1}{2}}{L} \pi x \right) dx$$

$$A_0 = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L f(x) dx$$

2.5.1 a $u = XY$

$$\cancel{X} \frac{X''}{X} = - \frac{Y''}{Y} = -\lambda$$

$$\Rightarrow X'' + X = 0 \quad \cancel{X}(0) = X'(L) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow X_n(x) = A_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} ; \lambda = \left(\frac{n\pi}{L} \right)^2$$

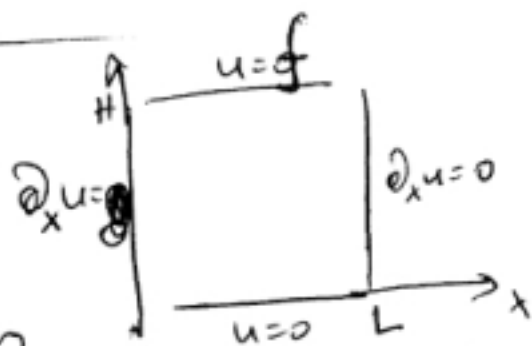
$$Y'' - \left(\frac{n\pi}{L} \right)^2 Y = 0, \quad Y(0) = 0$$

$$Y(y) = \sinh \frac{n\pi y}{L} \quad (Y(0) = 0)$$

$$u = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} \sinh \frac{n\pi y}{L}$$

$$u(x,H) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(A_n \sinh \frac{n\pi H}{L} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{A_n = \frac{2}{L \sinh \frac{n\pi H}{L}} \int_0^L f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx}$$



(oscillatory in x)

2.5.1 $u(0,y) = u(L,y) = 0$

$$u(x,0) - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}(x,0) = 0, \quad u(x,H) = f$$

Now $X(x) = A \cosh \frac{n\pi x}{L} + A \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L}$

$$Y(y) = A \sinh \frac{n\pi y}{L} + B \cosh \frac{n\pi y}{L}$$

$$Y(0) = B, \quad Y'(0) = \frac{n\pi}{L} A$$

$$Y(0) - Y'(0) = B - \frac{n\pi}{L} A = 0 \Rightarrow B = \frac{n\pi}{L} A$$

$$Y(y) = A \left[\sinh \frac{n\pi y}{L} + \frac{n\pi}{L} \cosh \frac{n\pi y}{L} \right]$$

$$u(x,y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \left[\sinh \frac{n\pi y}{L} + \frac{n\pi}{L} \cosh \frac{n\pi y}{L} \right] \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L}$$

$$A_n = \frac{1}{L \left(\sinh \frac{n\pi H}{L} + \frac{n\pi}{L} \cosh \frac{n\pi H}{L} \right)} \int_0^L f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$$