

# 18.06 Midterm Exam 2, Spring, 2001

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Optional Code \_\_\_\_\_

Recitation Instructor \_\_\_\_\_

Email Address \_\_\_\_\_

Recitation Time \_\_\_\_\_

This midterm is closed book and closed notes. No calculators, laptops, cell phones or other electronic devices may be used during the exam.

There are 3 problems. Good luck.

1. (40pts.) Consider the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \\ 9 & 5 & 1 \\ 9 & 8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) Find the rank of  $A$ .
- (b) Find a basis for the row space of  $A$ , and find a basis for the nullspace of  $A$ . What is the dimension of the nullspace of  $A$ ?
- (c) What can you say about the relation between the rank and the dimension of the nullspace of  $A$ ?
- (d) Verify that all vectors in your basis of the nullspace are orthogonal to all vectors in your basis of the row space.

2. (30pts.) Let  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ , and let

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & a \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & b \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (a) What are the dimensions of the four subspaces associated with the matrix  $A$ ? This will of course depend on the values of  $a$  and  $b$ , and you should distinguish all different cases.
- (b) For  $a = b = 1$ , give a basis for the column space of  $A$ . Is this also a basis for  $\mathbb{R}^3$ ? Justify your answer.

3. (30pts.) An experiment at the seven times  $t = -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3$  yields the consistent result  $b = 0$ , except at the last time ( $t = 3$ ), when we get  $b = 28$ . We want the best straight line  $b = C + Dt$  to fit these seven data points by least squares.

- (a) Write down the equation  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$  with unknowns  $C$  and  $D$  that would be solved if a straight line exactly fit the data.

(b) Use the method of least squares to find the best fit values for  $C$  and  $D$ .

(c) This problem is really that of projecting the vector  $\mathbf{b} = (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 28)^T$  onto a certain subspace. Give a basis for that subspace, and give the projection  $\mathbf{p}$  of  $\mathbf{b}$  onto that subspace.